



HAXE



SHOOTING FOR THE MOON

HAXE LANDS ON LUA

WRITE ONCE, TARGET MANY

ios



node JS



python

C#

php



Your humble presenter



Salesforce quietly spent hundreds of millions of dollars to build a team of 175 data scientists

Julie Bort
Sep. 1, 2016, 1:16 PM 11,480 3

FACEBOOK LINKEDIN TWITTER EMAIL PRINT



any, big and
its app
by adding
software that
to respond to
seen before – the
to hire data scientists is



WWX 2016

WORLD WIDE HAXE CONFERENCE
27-28-29-30 MAY • PARIS FRANCE

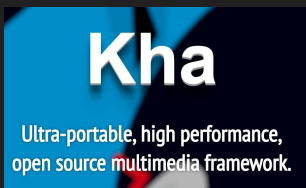
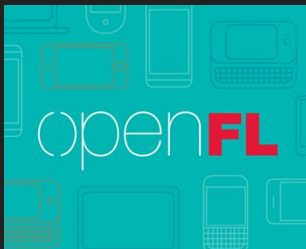
BY **SILEXLABS.ORG**

mozilla HAXE FOUNDATION

SECRET MEDIA DOCLER HOLDING

Keymetrics gandi.net

Why Haxe?



Use Cases for Haxe

Because the Haxe Language can compile to many different platforms, it is useful in a wide variety of domains. Take a look at [who is using Haxe](#), or explore some of the use cases below:

Games

Haxe is popular with game creators because it is fast, has many useful libraries, and can target iOS, Android, Web and Desktop easily.

» [Haxe for Game Development](#)

Web

Haxe gives you a powerful, type-safe language that can target JavaScript on the client and PHP, NodeJS or Neko on the server. Share code and APIs between the client and server seamlessly.

» [Haxe for Web Development](#)

Mobile

Share code between key platforms. Access native functionality without sacrificing performance.

» [Haxe for Mobile Development](#)

Desktop

Build cross platform desktop apps using WX Widgets, Node Webkit, Java Swing or custom UI libraries.

» [Haxe for Desktop Development](#)

Command Line

Take advantage of easy-to-use libraries to write powerful, cross platform CLI applications.

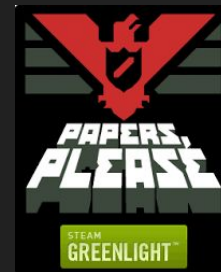
» [Haxe for CLI Development](#)

Cross-Platform APIs

Write cross platform APIs in Haxe that can be exported and shared with other languages and environments.

» [Haxe for API Development](#)

<http://haxe.org/use-cases/>



L. Pope



L. Doucet



N. Canasse

Why Haxe?

```
4123 Command exited with 0 in 27s: haxe [compile-java.hxml,-D,travis]
4124 Command: java [-jar,bin/java/TestMain-Debug.jar]
4125 TestMain.hx:36: Generated at: 2016-10-10 11:47:57
4126 TestMain.hx:38: START
4127 Test.hx:220: DONE [7511 tests]
4128 Test.hx:221: SUCCESS: true
```

```
6672 Command exited with 0 in 3s: haxe [compile-lua.hxml,-D,travis]
6673 Command: lua [bin/unit.lua]
6674 TestMain.hx:36: Generated at: 2016-10-10 11:54:45
6675 TestMain.hx:38: START
6676 Test.hx:220: DONE [6838 tests]
6677 Test.hx:221: SUCCESS: true
```

```
for (info in data)
{
    var li = doc.createLIElement();
    var label = doc.createDivElement();
    label.textContent = info.
    li.appendChild(label);
    fragments.appendChild(
        label
    )
}
```



A Taste of Haxe

```
class Test {
    static function main() {
        var people = [
            "Elizabeth" => "Programming",
            "Joel" => "Design"
        ];
        for (name in people.keys()) {
            var job = people[name];
            trace('$name does $job for a living!');
        }
    }
}
```

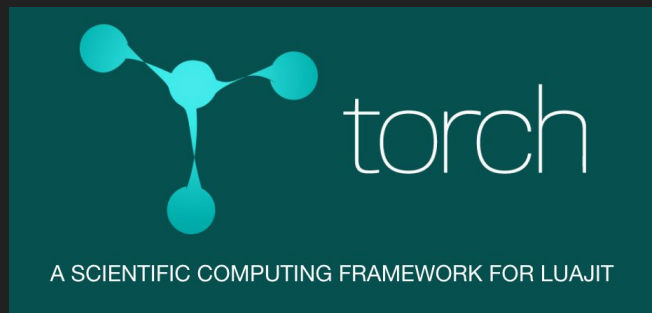
```
$> haxe -main Test -lua out.lua
```

Haxe Features

- Abstract Types
- Anonymous Types
- Array Comprehension
- Classes, Interfaces, and Inheritance
- Conditional Compilation
- (Generalized) Algebraic Data Types
- Inlined Calls
- Iterators
- Local functions and closures
- Metadata
- Static Extensions
- String Interpolation
- Partial function application
- Pattern matching
- Properties
- Type parameters, constraints, variance
- Reflection
- AST macros
- Static Analysis
 - Const propagation
 - Copy propagation
 - Local dead code elimination
 - Fusion
 - Purity Inference

Why Haxe and Lua?

1. Why not?
2. LuaJit (Nginx, Torch, etc.)
3. Scripting for editors (Neovim, vim)
4. Scripting for games (WoW, Factorio)
5. Community match (game + webdev)
6. Boredom/Hubris



NGINX

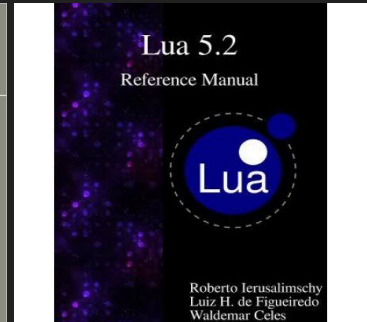
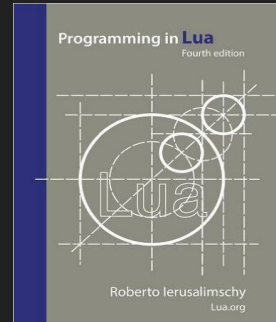


redis



Which Lua?

1. Lua 5.1
2. Lua 5.2
3. LuaJit 2.0
4. LuaJit 2.1
5. Lua 5.3*



* Partial support backwards compatibility flags

NEW! Announcement!

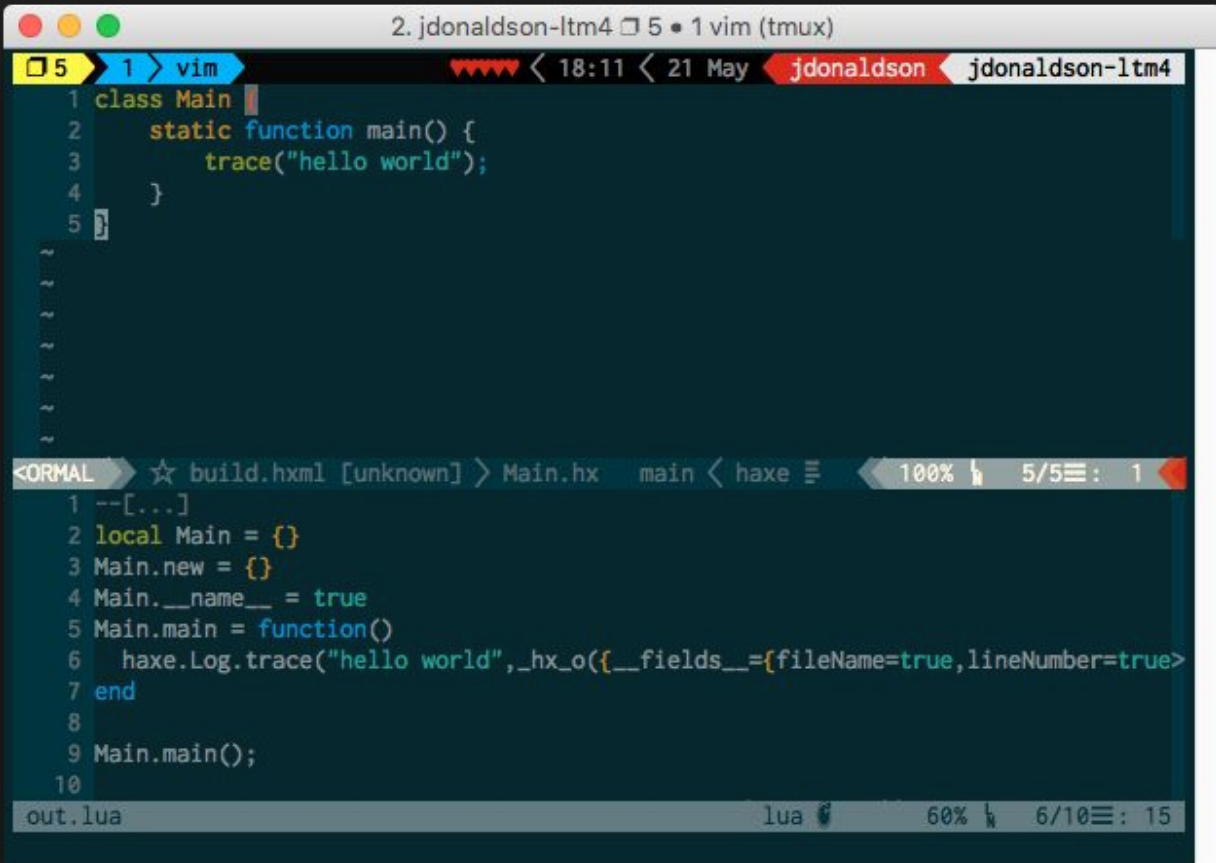
Related Work

1. [Unfinished Lua target](#) by Russel Weir (2008) - Partial support for Lua 5.1 in Haxe 2
2. [hx-lua](#) by Matt Tuttle (2012) - Run Lua code inside C++/Neko targets
3. [LuaXe](#) by Peyty (2014) - Partial support for Lua 5.1 in Haxe 3 as a custom javascript target*
4. [hxpico8](#) by Vadim Dyachenko (2015) - Run an experimental/limited version of Lua for a virtual console.
5. [linc-luajit](#) by RudenkoArts (2016) - @:native bindings for hxcpp/linc
6. [A Comparison of Neko and Lua](#) by Nicolas Canasse

* Peyty/Oleg provided much needed support and ideas for this project, thanks!

Hello World

- Simple main()
- Trace == print
- All classes local
- Objects use special
 _hx_o helper
- `__name__` for
 reflection



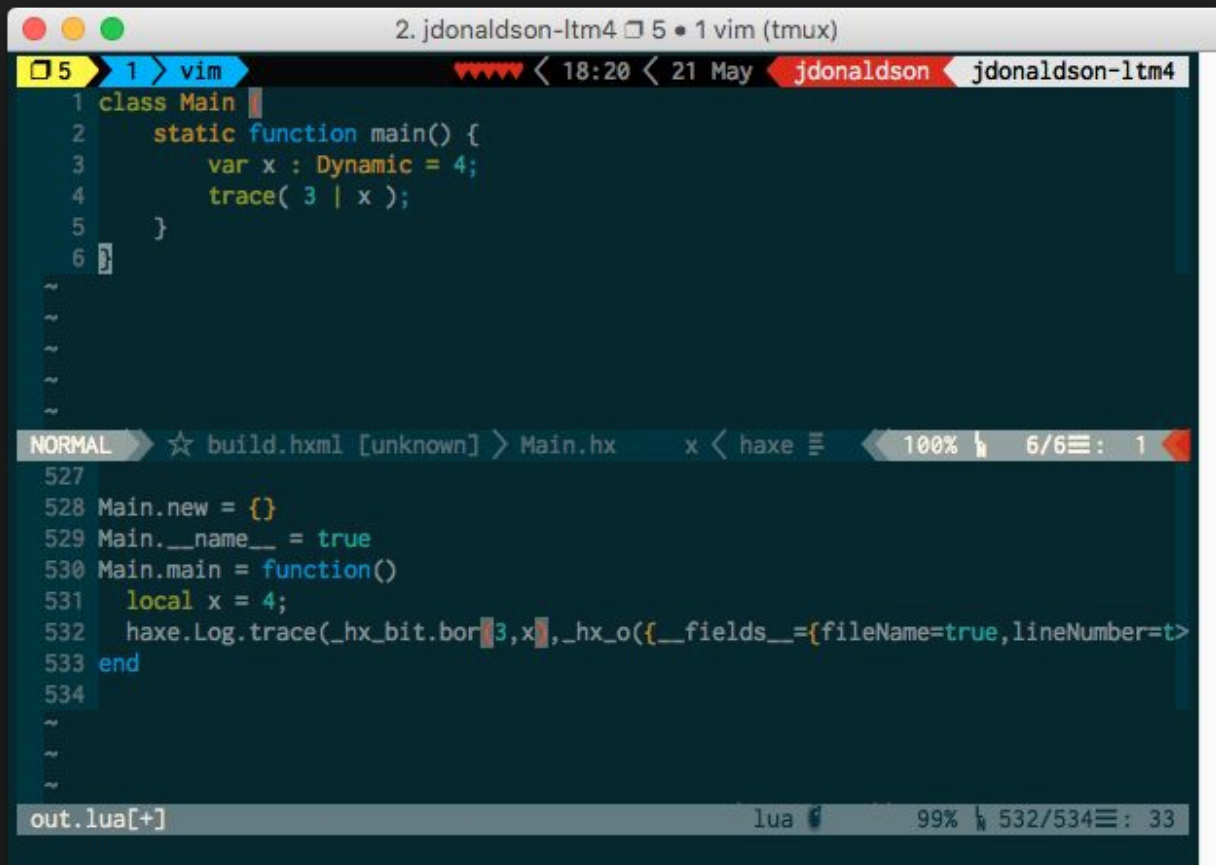
```
2. jdonaldson-ltm4 5 • 1 vim (tmux)
vim
1 class Main
2     static function main() {
3         trace("hello world");
4     }
5
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~

<NORMAL> ☆ build.html [unknown] > Main.hx  main < haxe ≡ 100% 5/5 =: 1
1 --[...]
2 local Main = {}
3 Main.new = {}
4 Main.__name__ = true
5 Main.main = function()
6     haxe.Log.trace("hello world",_hx_o({__fields__={fileName=true,lineNumber=true}
7 end
8
9 Main.main();
10

out.lua  lua 60% 6/10 =: 15
```

BitOps

- Bit operators turn into bit methods
- var =~ local



```
2. jdonaldson-ltm4 5 • 1 vim (tmux)
vim
1 class Main {
2     static function main() {
3         var x : Dynamic = 4;
4         trace( 3 | x );
5     }
6 }
~
~
~
~
~
~
NORMAL ☆ build.hxml [unknown] > Main.hx x < haxe 100% 6/6: 1
527
528 Main.new = {}
529 Main.__name__ = true
530 Main.main = function()
531     local x = 4;
532     haxe.Log.trace(_hx_bit.bor(3,x),_hx_o({__fields__={fileName=true,lineNumber=t
533 end
534
~
~
~
out.lua[+] lua 99% 532/534: 33
```

Unops

- Transform unary operators to one or more statements

```
2. jdonaldson-ltm4 5 • 1 vim (tmux)
[5] 1 > vim
1 class Main {
2     static function main() {
3         var x : Dynamic = 5;
4         trace( x++ );
5     }
6 }
~
~
~
~
~
~
NORMAL ☆ build.html [unknown] > Main.hx x < haxe 50% 3/6: 9
527
528 Main.new = {}
529 Main.__name__ = true
530 Main.main = function()
531     local x = 5;
532     x = (x) + (1);
533     haxe.Log.trace((x) - (1),_hx_o({__fields__={fileName=true,lineNumber=true,c1>
534 end
535
536 Math.__name__ = true
537
out.lua lua 41% 532/1268: 1
Type :quit<Enter> to exit Vim
```

Extern

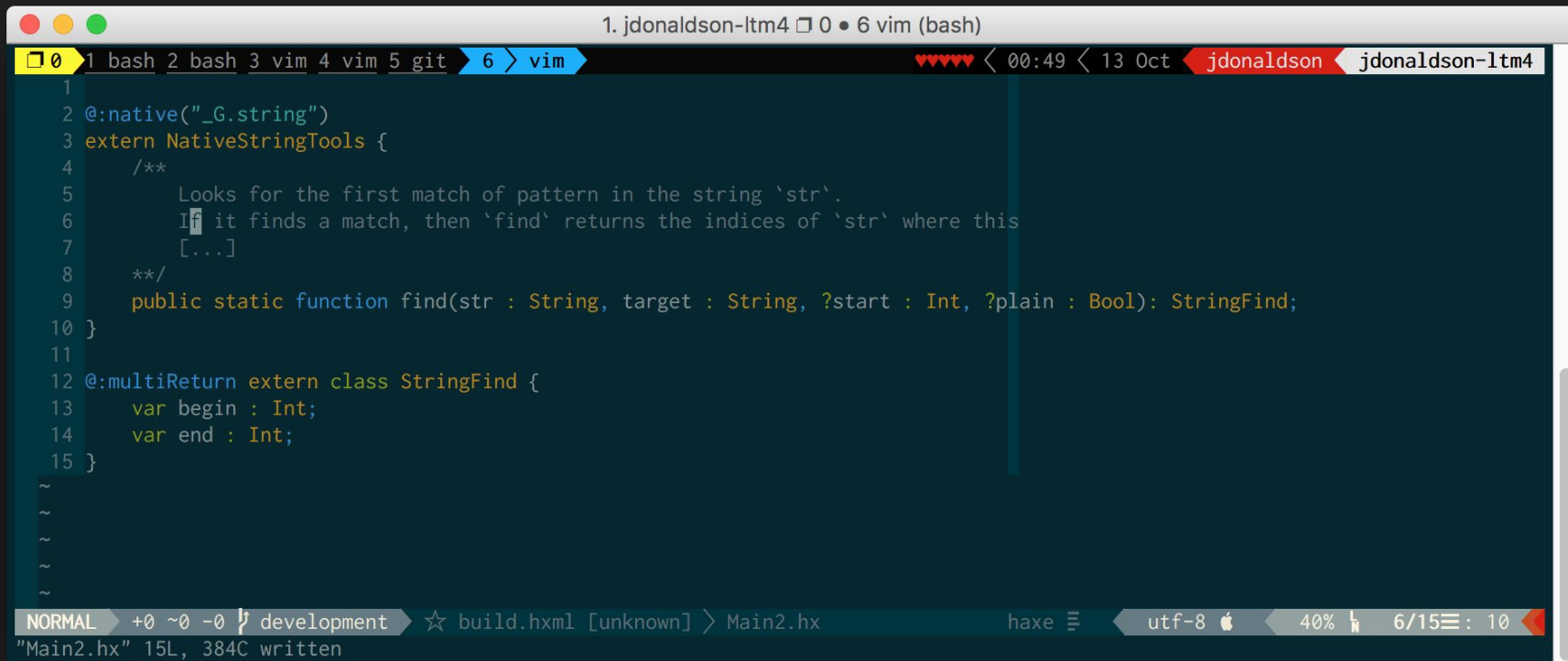
- @:native binds to native or non-conformingly named interface
- @:expose binds class/method body to global metatable
- @:selfCall allows methods to call the module/class name as a function
- includeFile adds helper methods in lua

```
2. jdonaldson-ltm4 5 • 1 vim (tmux)
vim
28 @:native("_hx_bit")
29 extern class Bit {
30     public static function bnot(x:Float) : Int;
31     public static function band(a:Float, b:Float) : Int;
32     public static function bor(a:Float, b:Float) : Int;
33     public static function bxor(a:Float, b:Float) : Int;
34     public static function lshift(x:Float, places:Int) : Int;
35     public static function rshift(x:Float, places:Int) : Int;
36     public static function arshift(x:Float, places:Int) : Int;
37     public static function mod(numerator:Float, denominator:Float) : Int;
38     public static function __init__(): Void {
39         //bit library fixes
40         haxe.macro.Compiler.includeFile("lua/_lua/_hx_bit.lua");
41     }
42 }
~
~
~
<html [unknown] > std/lua/Bit.hx  rshift < haxe
utf-8 83% 35/42 35 *mix-indent-file[36:2]
1 local _hx_bit
2 pcall(require, 'bit32') pcall(require, 'bit')
3 local _hx_bit_raw = bit or bit32
4
5 local function _hx_bit_clamp(v) return _hx_bit_raw.band(v, 2147483647) - _hx_bit_raw.band(v, 2147483648) end
6
7 if type(jit) == 'table' then
8   _hx_bit = setmetatable({}, {__index = function(t,k) return function(...) return _hx_bit_clamp(rawget(_hx_bi
9 else
10  _hx_bit = setmetatable({}, { __index = _hx_bit_raw })
11  _hx_bit.bnot = function(...) return _hx_bit_clamp(_hx_bit_raw.bnot(...)) end
12 end
~
~
~
~
std/lua/_lua/_hx_bit.lua lua utf-8 66% 8/12 1
"std/lua/Bit.hx" 42L, 1831C written1kj
```

Extern

NEW!!! Announcement!

- @:multiReturn allows specification of extern-only classes that represent multiple returns



```
1. jdonaldson-ltm4 0 • 6 vim (bash)
1 bash 2 bash 3 vim 4 vim 5 git 6 > vim
♥♥♥♥♥ < 00:49 < 13 Oct jdonaldson jdonaldson-ltm4

1
2 @:native("_G.string")
3 extern NativeStringTools {
4     /**
5      * Looks for the first match of pattern in the string `str`.
6      * If it finds a match, then `find` returns the indices of `str` where this
7      * [...]
8      */
9     public static function find(str : String, target : String, ?start : Int, ?plain : Bool): StringFind;
10 }
11
12 @:multiReturn extern class StringFind {
13     var begin : Int;
14     var end : Int;
15 }
~
~
~
~
~

NORMAL +0 ~0 -0 development ☆ build.hxml [unknown] > Main2.hx haxe utf-8 40% 6/15: 10
"Main2.hx" 15L, 384C written
```

NEW!!! Announcement!

```
1 class Main3 {
2
3     public static function main(){
4
5         // referenced return as variable, autobox
6         var k = lua.NativeStringTools.find("foo bar", "foo");
7         trace(k);
8
9         // referenced return as field, use value
10        var l = lua.NativeStringTools.find("foo bar", "foo");
11        trace(l);
12
13        // referenced return field access, but first value, use plain fu>
14        trace(lua.NativeStringTools.find('foo bar', 'foo').end);
15
16        // referenced return field access, second value, use select
17        trace(lua.NativeStringTools.find('foo bar', 'foo').begin);
18    }
19 }
20
~
~
~
108 )
109
110 Main3.new = {}
111 Main3.main = function()
112
113     local k = _hx_box_mr(_hx_table.pack(_G.string.find("foo bar", "foo")), >
114     haxe.Log.trace(k, _hx_o({__fields__={fileName=true, lineNumber=true, clas>
115
116     local l = _hx_box_mr(_hx_table.pack(_G.string.find("foo bar", "foo")), >
117     haxe.Log.trace(l, _hx_o({__fields__={fileName=true, lineNumber=true, clas>
118
119     haxe.Log.trace(_G.select(2, _G.string.find("foo bar", "foo")), _hx_o({__>
120
121     haxe.Log.trace(_G.string.find("foo bar", "foo"), _hx_o({__fields__={file>
122 end
123
124 String.new = {}
125 String.__index = function(s,k)
126     if (k == "length") then
127         do return _G.string.len(s) end;
128     else
129         local o = String.prototype;
130         local field = k;
```

vim status bar: <build.html [unknown] > Main3.hx hax... utf-8 10% 2/20 1 NORMAL out.lua String.__index < lua 36% 129/358 2

Still some kinks to work out

- Cannot declare more than 200 local variables in single scope
- Sys api is incomplete*
- Null (nil) in string concatenation throws errors

* Progress on libuv/luv backend



3 Open ✓ 11 Closed Author Labels Milestones Assignee Sort

- 🔔 [lua] bitwise operators issue bug platform-lua
#5265 opened 6 days ago by azrafe7 7
- 🔔 [lua] Sys.sleep(): command not recognized (win 7) bug platform-lua
#5244 opened 11 days ago by azrafe7 1
- 🔔 [lua] function or expression too complex near ',' bug platform-lua
#5243 opened 11 days ago by azrafe7 5

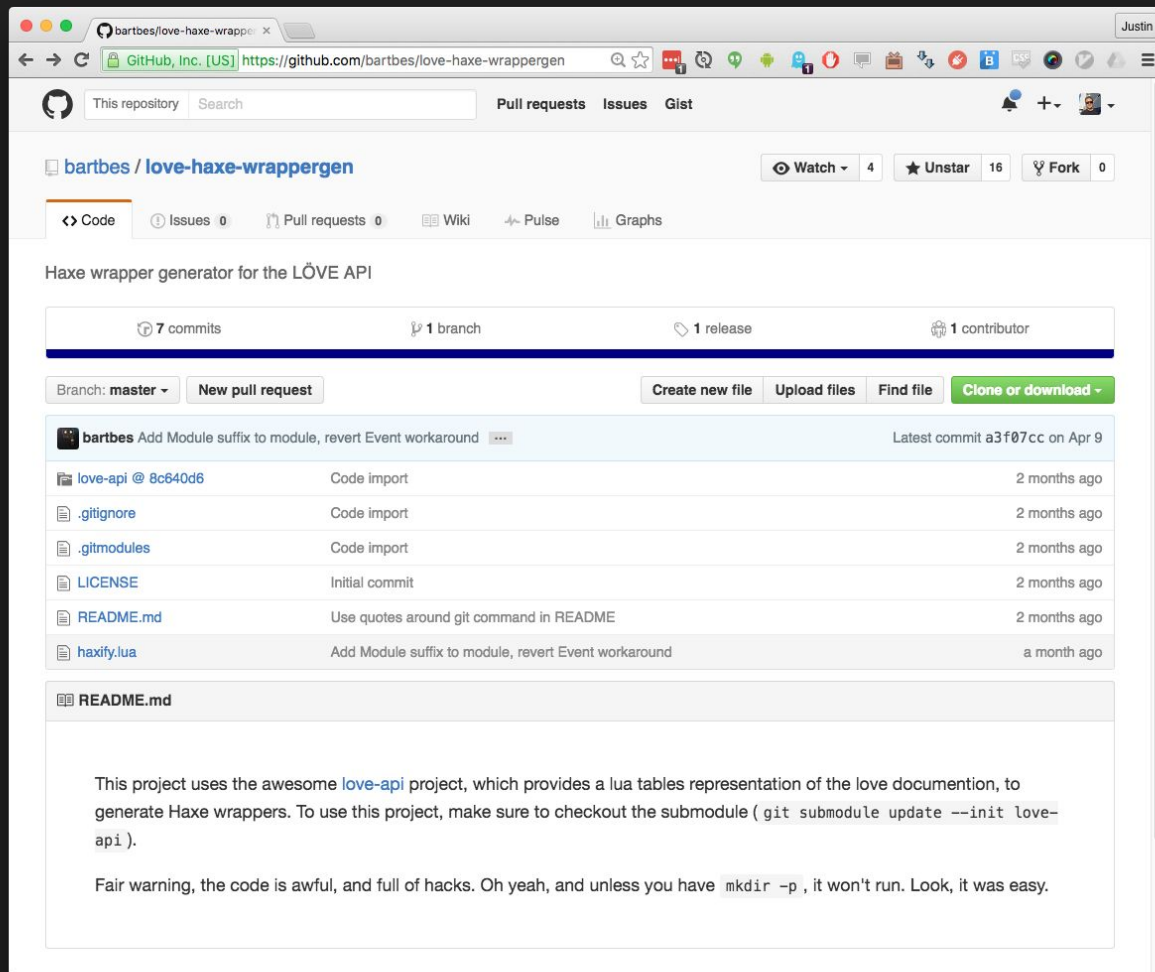
Avoiding Pain And Humiliation

- Don't use more than 200 local variables (even when workaround is in place).
 - Avoid abstracts/inlines that result in temporary variable creation
- Avoid assigning instance/static methods unnecessarily (e.g. dynamic methods or as fields).
- Avoid using “Lua.arg” or “haxe.extern.Rest” (defeating jit optimizations)
- Use unique variable names in any lua include/ `__init__` code.



Haxe Love

- Love-haxe-wrappergen
- Released ~24 hours after official Haxe Lua announcement

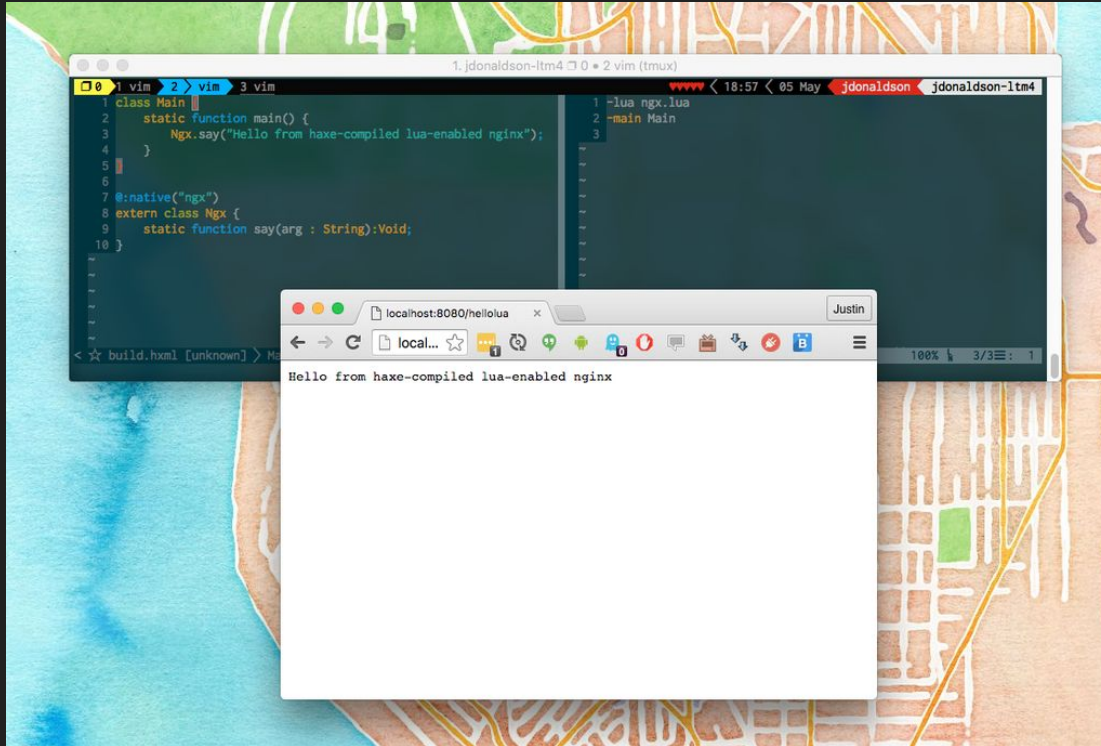


The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `bartbes/love-haxe-wrappergen`. The repository is described as a "Haxe wrapper generator for the LOVE API". It has 7 commits, 1 branch, 1 release, and 1 contributor. The repository is currently on the `master` branch. The file list includes `love-api`, `.gitignore`, `.gitmodules`, `LICENSE`, `README.md`, and `haxify.lua`. The `README.md` file is expanded, showing the following text:

```
This project uses the awesome love-api project, which provides a lua tables representation of the love documentation, to generate Haxe wrappers. To use this project, make sure to checkout the submodule ( git submodule update --init love-api ).
```

Fair warning, the code is awful, and full of hacks. Oh yeah, and unless you have `mkdir -p`, it won't run. Look, it was easy.

Nginhx



<https://github.com/jdonaldson/nginxhx>

HaxeCraft



<https://github.com/jdonaldson/haxecraft>

How to get started

1. Haxe manual : <https://haxe.org/manual/introduction.html>
2. Haxe cookbook : <http://code.haxe.org/>
3. Haxe mailing list : <https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/haxelang>
4. Haxe discord group : <https://discord.gg/znfNW>
5. Haxe IRC : (freenode #haxe) <http://webchat.freenode.net/?channels=haxe>
6. Haxe Twitter : #haxe <https://twitter.com/search?q=haxe&src=typd>
7. Haxe Github : <https://github.com/HaxeFoundation/haxe>

Recap/Conclusion

- Haxe and Lua communities are similar : creative, independent, mindful
 - (even though languages are different)
- Haxe as a language is very “standard”
 - EcmaScript based, multi paradigm language
- Haxe provides a way to leverage an existing language ecosystem, while expanding towards other targets/platforms.
 - You don't leave the Lua community by joining the Haxe community
- Haxe avoids impedance mismatch by supporting target specific external features (e.g. `@:multiReturn`)
- Haxe provides convenient and powerful static typing features on dynamic languages
 - I've learned more from Haxe than any other programming language community

THE END!

QUESTIONS?



jdonaldson@gmail.com

twitter [@omgjjd](https://twitter.com/omgjjd)